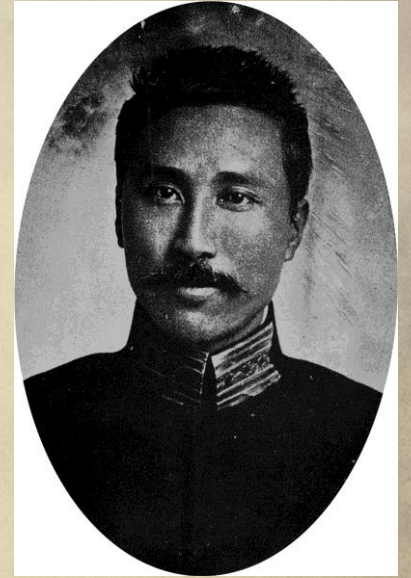


軍閥在香港

不少軍閥曾經到過香港，其中一位就是廣東軍閥陳炯明。1911年，陳炯明參與黃花崗起義，事敗後避居九龍城。陳炯明其後受到孫中山重用，手執廣東兵權，曾任粵軍總司令及廣東省省長，因北伐問題與孫中山決裂。1925年，陳炯明戰敗後退隱香港，擔任原洪門美洲致公堂改組而成的中國致公黨的總理，並把總部設在香港。1933年，陳炯明在香港家中逝世，靈柩曾寄存東華義莊，其後移葬廣東惠州。



Warlords in Hong Kong

A number of warlords had visited Hong Kong. Among them was Guangdong warlord Chen Jiongming. In 1911, Chen took part in the Huanghuagang uprising. After the insurgent attempt failed, he hid in Kowloon City. Chen later gained prominence in Dr Sun Yat-sen's government. A military leader in Guangdong, he served as the commander-in-chief of the Guangdong Army as well as the governor of Guangdong. He parted ways with Dr Sun over the Northern Expedition. In 1925, Chen retreated to Hong Kong following his defeat. He served as the director of the Zhigong Party of China, reorganised from the Chee Kung Tong in the Americas, and established the party headquarters in Hong Kong. In 1933, Chen passed away in his home in Hong Kong. His coffin was temporarily placed in Tung Wah Coffin Home before it was repatriated to Huizhou, Guangdong for burial.